

<b>Направление:</b> 022000.62 Экология и природопользование	<b>Профиль:</b>
<b>Форма обучения:</b> заочная - сокращенная	<b>Курс:</b> 1
<b>Дисциплина:</b> Английский язык	<b>Вид контроля:</b> контрольная работа

## Контрольная работа «Английский язык» 1 вариант

1. Выпишите исчисляемые существительные в одну колонку, а неисчисляемые существительные в другую колонку. При исчисляемых существительных поставьте артикль а или an. Переведите их на русский язык:

Wool, air, airship, word, aviation, assistance, paper, paper, hour, bread, darkness, water, sea, cheese, happiness, event, glass, glass, hero, sand, music, coffee, ship, coin, friend, friendship.

2. Напишите следующие существительные во множественном числе. Переведите их на русский язык:

Place, library, language, dress, fly, watch, clock, country, eye, bus, man, woman, tooth, postman, son-in-law, editor-in-chief, fisherman, schoolgirl.

3. Заполните пропуск местоимения my, your, his, her, their, its.

1. Do you like ... job?
2. I know Mr. Watson but I don't know ... wife.
3. Mr. and Mrs. Baker live in London. ... son lives in Australia.
4. We're going to have a party. We are going to invite all ... friends.
5. Ann is going out with ... friends this evening.
6. I like tennis. It's ... favourite sport.

4. Заполните пропуски правильной формой глагола «to have»:

Sarah ... a car. She goes everywhere by bicycle.  
They like animals. They ... three dogs and two cats.  
Charles isn't happy. He ... a lot of problems.  
... you an umbrella?  
What kind of car ... Julia got?

5. Заполните пропуски оборотом there is/ are :

1. Kenham isn't an old town. ... any old buildings.
2. Look! .... A photograph of your brother in the newspaper.
3. "Excuse me, ... a bank near here?" "Yes, at the end of the street"
4. ... nowhere to sit down. ... any chairs.
5. ... seven days in a week.

6. Заполните пропуски соответствующей формой глагола 'to be':

David's new bicycle ... blue.

A: Are these your books?

B: No, they ....

My children ... 8 and 6 years old.

I ... interested in baseball. I think it's boring.

We can walk to the supermarket. It ... far

7. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1. Jill and Terry will be home from school soon. I must cook their lunch.
2. You should have a holiday. You shouldn't work so hard.
3. I really must go home now. I have to get up early tomorrow.
4. You needn't help with the shopping. John has already done it.
5. Can I have another towel, please?
6. You may take any book you like.

8. Выполните письменный перевод текста.

British character

"The British are definitely romantic, much more romantic than Italians..."

Generally British people are polite, but this way of behaviour is probably a mask for all kind of other feelings. They may be polite partly because they are afraid of drama and of confrontation. For this reason, they also may be attracted to "dramatic" people like the Italian.

-British people are obliged by society stereotyping to be polite;

-British accumulate negative emotions and feelings and do not as a rule express their real feeling spontaneously;

-The should expect a high level of heart attack;

-The British are not confident with their bodies, most British men dislike dancing, unless they have had a bit to drink;

- Interpersonal contacts are generally rather cool and formal. Handshakes are not so warm.

British punctuality should be connected with this formality, but also with a kind of respect and consideration for other people that helps avoid embarrassing confrontations.

-Adaptability is slow.

9. Задайте 5 типов вопросов по тексту (письменно)

## 2 вариант

1. Выпишите исчисляемые существительные в одну колонку, а неисчисляемые существительные в другую колонку. При исчисляемых существительных поставьте артикль а или an. Переведите их на русский язык:

Quickness, tobacco, cigarette, copper, armchair, coffee, ship, coin, university, money, ink, banknote, meat, silver, watch, timber, tree, idea, ice, furniture, chalk, heat, cow, milk, butter, horse, obligation, machine, equipment, instrument, speed, umbrella.

2. Напишите следующие существительные во множественном числе. Переведите их на русский язык:

Bush, party, ray, thief, company, Negro, mass, leaf, wolf, glass, key foot, goose, child, sister-in-law, text-book, pocket-knife, statesman, passer-by.

3. Заполните пропуски местоимения my, your, his, her, their, its.

“Is that ... car?” “ No, I haven’t got a car”

I want to phone Ann. Do you know ... phone number?

Do you think most people are happy in ... jobs?

I’m going to wash ... hair before I go out.

This is a beautiful tree. ... leaves are beautiful colour.

John has a brother and a sister. ... brother is 25 and ... sister is 21.

4. Заполните пропуски правильной формой глагола «to have»:

1. They don’t read much. They ... many books.

2. “What’s wrong?” “ I ... something in my eye”

3. “Where is my pen?” “I don’t know. I ... it”

4. Julia wants to go to the concert but she ... a ticket.

5. How much money ... we got?

5. Заполните пропуски оборотом there is/ are:

... five people in my family: my parents, my two sisters and me.

“How many students ... in the class?” “Twenty”

“Can we take a photograph?” “No, ... a film in the camera.”

“... a bus from the city center to the airport?” “ Yes, every 20 minutes”

“What’s the building?” “ ... a school”

6. Заполните пропуски соответствующей формой глагола ‘to be’:

1. A: Are you a teacher?

B: Yes, I ...

2. A: ... those birds from South America?

B: The red one ... , but the blue one ....

3. When ... your birthday?

4. Kate and Sarah ... at work today because it is a holiday.

5. A: Where ... my shoes?

B: In your bedroom.

7. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1. May I wait here?

2. It was too dark, we could see nothing.

3. It’s very late. You shouldn’t phone them now.

4. Must I come to the university on Sunday?

5. You needn’t go to the bank today. I can give you some money.

6. I’m not working today, so I don’t have to get up early.

8. Выполните письменный перевод текста.

#### American character

American society seems to be much more informal than the British and, in some ways, is characterized by less social distinction. Students don’t rise when a teacher enters the room. One does not always address a person by his title, such as “Major” or “General” or “Doctor” in the

case of a holder of a Doctor of Philosophy degree. The respectful “Sir” is not always used in the northern and western parts of the country.

Those who don’t easily show the signs of friendship are called “snooty” or “snobbish”. In contrast, people who show such simple signs of friendship, particularly to their own economic and social inferiors, are praised as “regular guys”, or as “truly democratic”. As a description of character, democratic is generally used to signify that a person of high social or economic status acts in such a way that his or her inferiors are not reminded of their inferiority.

Yet, in spite of all the informality, Americans, even in the way they address each other, show consciousness of social distinction.

9. Задайте 5 типов вопросов по тексту (письменно)

### 3 вариант

1. Выпишите существительные, образующие множ. число по общим правилам в одну колонку, а существительные, имеющие особые формы множ. числа в другую колонку. Переведите их на русский язык:

A star, a mountain, a tree, a shilling, a king, the waiter, the queen, a man, the man, a woman, the woman, an eye, a shelf, a box, the city, a boy, a goose, the watch, a mouse, a dress, a toy, the sheep, a tooth, a child, the ox, a deer, the life, a tomato.

2. Напишите следующие существительные во множественном числе. Переведите их на русский язык:

A table, a plate, a fox, a room, a lady, a knife, a chair, a bus, a Negro, a match, a way, a house, a family, a flag, a town, a wolf, a country, a lion, a park, a play.

3. Заполните пропуски местоимения my, your, his, her, their, its.

“Is that ... car?” “No, I haven’t got a car”

I want to phone Ann. Do you know ... phone number?

Do you think most people are happy in ... jobs?

I’m going to wash ... hair before I go out.

This is a beautiful tree. ... leaves are beautiful colour.

John has a brother and a sister. ... brother is 25 and ... sister is 21.

4. Заполните пропуски правильной формой глагола «to have»:

1. They don’t read much. They ... many books.

2. “What’s wrong?” “I ... something in my eye”

3. “Where is my pen?” “I don’t know. I ... it”

4. Julia wants to go to the concert but she ... a ticket.

5. How much money ... we got?

5. Заполните пропуски оборотом there is/ are:

... five people in my family: my parents, my two sisters and me.

“How many students ... in the class?” “Twenty”

“Can we take a photograph?” “No, ... a film in the camera.”  
 “... a bus from the city center to the airport?” “ Yes, every 20 minutes”  
 “What’s the building?” “ ... a school”

6. Заполните пропуски соответствующей формой глагола ‘to be’:

1. A: Is he a teacher?  
 B: Yes, he....
2. A: ... those birds from South America?  
 B: The red one ... , but the blue one ....
3. When ... her birthday?
4. Kate ... at work today because it is a holiday.
5. A: Where ... my books?  
 B: In your bedroom.

7. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1. Mike can run very fast.
2. They can understand French.
3. Kate can speak English well.
4. My brother can come and help you in the garden.
5. Can you speak Spanish?
6. Can your brother help me with mathematics?
7. May I wait here?

8. Выполните письменный перевод текста.

#### WASHINGTON

Washington, the District of Columbia (D.C.), does not, belong to a state. It is a city and the District of Columbia. It is located on the East Coast. It was chosen by George Washington as the permanent site for nation's capital on December 1, 1800. Washington was the first person to be elected the President of the USA. He was born in Virginia, just south of Washington, D.C.

In Washington the streets that go from east to west are named after letters of the alphabet. The streets that go north and south are numbered. The longest and the biggest streets are named after American states. The city is very green and peaceful. There are a lot of beautiful places where you can relax and enjoy yourself.

Washington is a special city. Most of the people in Washington work for the government and there are many government offices there.

Washington is full of places where you think about history. In its museums and the Capitol you can learn a lot about the first settlements in New England. You will learn about Christopher Columbus and his sailors and about America's fight for independence. Washington is a busy city. The streets are never empty.

9. Задайте 5 типов вопросов по тексту (письменно)

#### 4 вариант

1. Выпишите существительные, образующие множ. число по общим правилам в одну колонку, а существительные, имеющие особые формы множ. числа в другую колонку. Переведите их на русский язык:

A star, a mountain, a tree, a shilling, a king, the waiter, the queen, a man, the man, a woman, the woman, an eye, a shelf, a box, the city, a boy, a goose, the watch, a mouse, a dress, a toy, the sheep, a tooth, a child, the ox, a deer, the life, a tomato.

2. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This room is very large. 2. There is a match in the box. 3. Has this lady a knife? 4. There is a man and a woman in the street. 5. This lady is that gentleman's wife. 6. This shoe is too large for my foot. 7. The child is sitting on a bench.

3. Вставьте предлоги *on*, *in* или *into*.

1. Where is the book? - - It is ... the table.

2. Where is the tea? — It is ... the cup.

3. Put the plates ... the table.

4. Put the book ... the bag.

5. There is a beautiful picture ... the wall.

6. He went ... the room.

7. I like to sit ... the sofa ... my room

4. Заполните пропуски правильной формой глагола «to have»:

1. They don't read much. They ... many books.

2. "What's wrong?" "I ... something in my eye"

3. "Where is my pen?" "I don't know. I ... it"

4. Julia wants to go to the concert but she ... a ticket.

5. How much money ... we got?

5. Раскройте скобки, употребляя требующуюся форму прилагательного.

1. Oil is (light) than water. 2. We shall wait for a (dry) day to go on the excursion. 3. A bus is (fast) than a tram. 4. Take some of these sweets: they are very (nice). They are (nice) than the sweets in that box. 5. He clearly did not like the explanation, and as he listened to it, he became (angry) and (angry).

6. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол *to be* в *Present*, *Past* или *Future Simple*.

1. Мой брат сейчас в школе.

2. Мой брат был вчера в кино.

3. Мой брат будет завтра дома.

4. Ты будешь дома завтра?

5. Она была вчера в парке?

6. Он сейчас во дворе?

7. Где папа? 8.

Где вы были вчера?

7. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1. His little sister can walk already.
2. The children cannot carry this box: it is too heavy.
3. My friend cannot come in time.
4. This old woman cannot sleep at night.
5. His sister can cook very well.
6. I can sing, but I cannot dance.

8. Выполните письменный перевод текста.

#### LONDON

London is the capital of Great Britain. It lies in the South East of England on both banks of the river Thames. London is one of the largest cities in the world and the largest port and industrial town in England. London is more than twenty centuries old.

The heart of the capital is the City. The territory of the City is only about one square mile, but it is the financial and business centre of the country. It contains almost all important English banks and offices.

The West End of London is famous for its beautiful monuments and palaces, fine parks, fashionable shops and big hotels. The East End is quite different from the West End. It is the district of factories, plants and docks. The narrow streets and poor houses of the East End present a contrast to the homes of the rich people in the West End.

There are many places of interest in London. One of them is Trafalgar Square with the Nelson monument 185 feet high. Buckingham Palace is the royal residence. Westminster Abbey is one of the most beautiful buildings in London. It contains the memorials of many famous citizens of Britain.

Across the road from Westminster Abbey are the Houses of Parliament, the seat of the British government.

The Tower of London is one of the most interesting places in London. It was a fortress, a royal residence, a prison, now it is a museum.

London is famous for its green parks. Hyde Park is the most popular of them. It is the greatest park in London as well.

9. Задайте 5 типов вопросов по тексту (письменно)

### 5 вариант

1. Поставьте следующие словосочетания во множественное число.

This tea-cup, this egg, that wall, that picture, this foot, that mountain, this lady, that window, this man, that match, this knife.

2. Поставьте следующие предложения во множественное число.

1. This is a star. 2. This is a boy. 3. This is a baby. 4. That is a plate. 5. That is a flower, j 6. That is a bookshelf. 7. Is this a sofa? 8. Is this a bookcase? 9. Is this a man? 10. Is that a ball?

3. Заполните пропуски местоимения my, your, his, her, their, its.

1. Do you like ... job?

2. I know Mr. Watson but I don't know ... wife.

3. Mr. and Mrs. Baker live in London. ... son lives in Australia.

4. We're going to have a party. We are going invite all ... friends.

5. Ann is going out with ... friends this evening.

6. I like tennis. It's ... favourite sport.

4. Заполните пропуски правильной формой глагола «to have»:

Sarah ... a car. She goes everywhere by bicycle.

They like animals. They ... three dogs and two cats.

Charles isn't happy. He ... a lot of problems.

... you an umbrella?

What kind of car ... Julia got?

5. Заполните пропуски оборотом there is/ are :

1. Kenham isn't an old town. ... any old buildings.

2. Look! .... A photograph of your brother in the newspaper.

3. "Excuse me, ... a bank near here?" "Yes, at the end of the street"

4. ... nowhere to sit down. ... any chairs.

5. ... seven days in a week.

7. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1. May I go to the post-office with Mike? 2. May I take Pete's bag? 3. Don't give the vase to the child: he may break it. 4. May we take notes with a pencil? 5. You may not cross the street when the light is red. 6. May I shut the door? 7. May I invite Nick to our house? 8. You may go now.

8. Выполните письменный перевод текста.

## MOSCOW

1. Moscow was founded in 1147. The town developed quickly due to its favourable geographical position. In the 13-th century Moscow was ruined by the Tatar invaders and for many years paid tribute to the Tatar khans, but at the end of the 14-th century the Russian people rose against the invaders and defeated them.

2. In the 16-th century Moscow was an administrative and trade centre of the country and it became the capital of Russia.

3. At the beginning of the 18-th century the capital was moved from Moscow to St. Petersburg, but Moscow continued to grow as a trading centre. With the invasion of Napoleon in, 1812 Moscow was destroyed by fire, but soon it was rebuilt. In 1918 Moscow became the capital of the country again. Now it is a great political, economic and cultural centre of Russia. The heart of the city is the Kremlin and Red Square. Moscow is a great industrial centre. More than 1.500 factories and plants are situated in the city.

4. Today the population of the city is over 9 million people. It is one of the largest cities in Europe. Every day Moscow is visited by more than one million people.

5. Moscow is a great cultural centre. There are more than 80 institutes and colleges, 4000 libraries, about 315 clubs more than 60 theatres and over one hundred museums in Moscow. Moscow is famous for its historical monuments, beautiful parks and also its metro. Moscow metro was built in 1935. It has over one hundred stations. The metro lines are 200 km long.

9. Задайте 5 типов вопросов по тексту (письменно)